Local Authority Agreement for the Provision of Early Education Funding (EEF)

Effective from September 2019

(Final Version 1.0 – 12 July 2019)
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1. Agreement and Services

1.1 This Agreement is between Lancashire County Council (LCC) and Eligible Providers ("Provider") offering Early Education Funded (EEF) places within the administrative boundaries of Lancashire County Council.

1.2 The Provider will, during the Contract Period:
   a. provide EEF places to eligible two year olds and/or eligible three and four year old children from within the boundary of Lancashire County Council in accordance with this Agreement;
   b. ensure Early Years Pupil Premium funding is used to improve the education they provide for disadvantaged three and four year old children.

2. Definitions

2.1 In this Agreement, unless the context otherwise requires, the terms referred to throughout the Agreement are defined in Annex A.

2.2 The words 'include', 'including', 'particularly' and 'in particular', are to be construed without limitation.

2.3 Words importing one gender include all other genders, and words denoting the singular number include the plural and vice versa.

2.4 The clause headings and sub-clause headings will not affect the interpretation of this Agreement and all references to clauses, sub-clauses or schedules are to clauses, sub-clauses of and schedules to, this Agreement.

2.5 References to, or to a provision of, a document are references to it as amended, supplemented or replaced before or after the date of this Agreement.

2.6 References to, or to a provision of, any law, regulation or guidance include any amendment, extension, re-enactment or replacement made before or after the date of this Agreement.

2.7 Subject to the terms of this Agreement, any reference in this Agreement to the Local Authority or the Provider or any other party referred to herein will include their permitted respective successors and assigns.

2.8 Wherever provision is made for the giving or issuing of any notice, consent, approval, certificate, confirmation or determination by any person, unless otherwise specified, such notice, consent, approval, certificate, confirmation or determination will be in writing and all cognate expressions will be construed accordingly.

2.9 References to materials, information, data and other records will be to those things whether stored in electronic, written or other form.
3. Commencement and Duration

3.1 This Agreement will commence on the 1 September 2019 and will continue in full force, unless terminated earlier by giving notice of termination in accordance with the provisions of clause 18 herein, or otherwise lawfully terminated. The Agreement will automatically renew on the 1 September each year unless notified otherwise, as outlined in Clause 37.

3.2 Any obligations under this Agreement that remain unfulfilled following the expiry or termination of the Agreement shall survive such expiry or termination and continue in full force and effect until they have been fulfilled.

4. Key Local Authority Responsibilities

4.1 The Local Authority must secure an EEF place for every eligible child in their area.

4.2 The Local Authority should work in partnership with the Provider to agree how to deliver EEF places.

4.3 The Local Authority should be clear about their role and the support on offer locally to meet the needs of children with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND) as well as their expectations of providers.

4.4 The Local Authority must contribute to safeguarding and promote the welfare of children and young people in their area.

5. Key Provider Responsibilities

5.1 The Provider must comply with all relevant legislation and insurance requirements.

5.2 The Provider must deliver the EEF entitlements consistently to all parents, whether in receipt of 15 or 30 hours and regardless of whether they opt to pay for optional services or consumables. This means that the Provider must be clear and communicate to parents details about the days and times that they offer EEF places, along with their services and charges. Those children accessing the EEF entitlements should receive the same quality and access to provision.

5.3 The Provider must follow the Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) and have clear safeguarding policies and procedures in place that link to the Local Authority’s guidance for recognising, responding, reporting and recording suspected or actual abuse.

5.4 The Provider must have arrangements in place to support children with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND). These arrangements should include a clear approach to identifying and responding to SEND. Providers should utilise the SEN Inclusion Fund and Disability Access Fund to deliver effective support, whilst making information available about their SEND offer to parents.
6. Safeguarding

6.1 The Local Authority has overarching responsibility for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of all children and young people in their area. It has a number of statutory functions under the 1989 and 2004 Children Acts which make this clear and the ‘Working Together to Safeguard Children’ 2018 guidance sets these out in detail.

6.2 The Provider must follow the EYFS and have clear safeguarding policies and procedures in place that are in line with local guidance and procedures for responding to and reporting suspected or actual abuse and neglect. A lead practitioner must take responsibility for safeguarding and all staff must have training to identify signs of abuse and neglect. The Provider must have regard to ‘Working Together to Safeguard Children’ 2018 guidance.

7. Eligibility

7.1 The Provider must check original copies of documentation to confirm a child has reached the eligible age on initial registration for all EEF entitlements. The eligible age for two year olds is the term after a child’s 2nd birthday. The eligible age for 3&4 year olds is the term after a child’s 3rd birthday. The Provider must retain paper or digital copies of documentation to enable the Local Authority to carry out audits and fraud investigations. The Provider must ensure that any documentation that is retained is stored securely for a minimum period of 6 years. Thereafter the documentation must be handled and securely destroyed in accordance with BS EN 15713:2009 unless there are legal, regulatory or other legitimate purposes to retain the documentation for a longer period. Failure to retain essential documentation may result in reclaiming of funding by the Local Authority.

7.2 The Provider must offer places to eligible two-year-olds on the understanding that the child remains eligible until they become eligible for the universal entitlement for three- and four-year-olds.

7.3 The Local Authority must ensure that a child has an EEF place no later than the beginning of the term following the child and the parent meeting the eligibility criteria for the EEF entitlements.

7.4 Alongside the 30 hours eligibility code, which is the child’s unique 11-digit number and original copies of documentation (see clause 7.1), a Provider must acquire written consent from, or on behalf of, the parent to be able to receive confirmation and future notifications from the Local Authority of the validity of the parent’s 30 hours eligibility code. The Provider must use the Parental Agreement at Annex B which asks the parent for the necessary information and consents.

7.5 Once a Provider has received written consent from the parent, they should verify the 30 hours eligibility code with the Local Authority, as detailed in clause 7.7.

7.6 The Local Authority will confirm the validity of 30 hours eligibility codes to allow providers to offer 30 hour places for eligible three and four year olds. The Local Authority will provide a validity checking service to providers to enable them to verify the 30 hours eligibility code.
7.7 The Local Authority checking service will be facilitated through the on-line Provider Portal which the Provider must use to check the validity of the 30 hours eligibility code.

7.8 Thereafter the Local Authority should complete audit checks to review the validity of eligibility codes for children who qualify for the 30 hours EEF entitlements at six fixed points in the year, both at half term and at the end of term across the year (in line with the dates listed at Table A). It is the Local Authority's responsibility to notify the Provider where a parent has fallen out of eligibility and inform them of the grace period end date.

Table A: Grace Periods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Validity End Date</th>
<th>Local Authority Audit Window Dates</th>
<th>Grace Period End Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 January–10 February</td>
<td>11–18 February</td>
<td>31 March</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 February–31 March</td>
<td>24 March–1 April</td>
<td>31 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 April–26 May</td>
<td>27 May–2 June</td>
<td>31 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27 May–31 August</td>
<td>24 August–1 September</td>
<td>31 December</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 September–21 October</td>
<td>22 October–29 October</td>
<td>31 December</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22 October–31 December</td>
<td>24 December–6 January</td>
<td>31 March</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.9 All two, three and four year old children who meet the prescribed criteria are able to take up an EEF place regardless of a parent's ability to pay for any additional hours or services.

7.10 Two year old children (or their parent) who become eligible after the beginning of the term following the child's second birthday will be entitled to an EEF place from the date they became eligible.

7.11 The Provider must ensure each two year old child meets the eligibility criteria by requesting, from the parent, a copy of the Local Authority two year old eligibility letter that has been issued by Lancashire's Early Education Funding Team. The Provider must retain a copy of the Lancashire eligibility letter for each child as outlined in clause 7.1.

7.12 Parents of three and four year old children who become eligible for the extended entitlement after the beginning of the term that follows the child’s third birthday will not be entitled to the extended entitlement until the beginning of the next term.

7.13 Three and four year old children accessing the EEF universal hours will attract the Early Years Pupil Premium (EYPP) providing they meet the prescribed criteria. The Provider is responsible for identifying children who may be eligible for EYPP as outlined in clause 12.2.
7.14 All eligible two year old children and all three and four year old children moving to England from another country can access an EEF place on the same basis as any other child in the Local Authority area.

7.15 An Early Education Funded place cannot be provided to a child by a Provider if the child is related, (as defined in the Childcare Act 2006 (Ch21, pt1.18)) to the registered owner of the childcare setting, where the registered owner is directly providing the childcare to the related child. This clause is of particular relevance to childminders. It will not apply in a pre-school or nursery setting provided the registered owner is not included in the ratios of staff providing childcare directly to a group that includes their related child(ren) e.g. key person).

7.16 The Provider shall on request provide the Local Authority with such further information, explanations and documents as the Local Authority may reasonably require, in order for it to establish that the funding has been used properly in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

8. Grace Period

8.1 A child will enter the grace period when the child’s parents cease to meet the eligibility criteria set out in the Childcare (Early Years Provision Free of Charge) (Extended Entitlement) Regulations 2016, as determined by HMRC or a First Tier Tribunal in the case of an appeal.

8.2 Local Authorities will be able to access information about whether a child has ceased to meet the eligibility criteria and entered the grace period via the Eligibility Checking Service. The grace period end date will automatically be applied to eligibility codes.

8.3 The Local Authority should continue to fund a place for a child who enters the grace period as set out in the most recent version of the Early Education and Childcare Statutory Guidance for Local Authorities.

8.4 The Local Authority will undertake termly audits, in line with the audit dates specified in Table A. The Local Authority will update the on-line Provider Portal by the audit window end date so that the Provider can identify any children who have fallen into the grace period.

8.5 The Provider should inform any parents who have fallen into the grace period within 5 days of the Provider Portal being updated.

8.6 The Provider should inform parents that if they fall back into eligibility during the grace period, the extended hours for their child beyond the grace period are subject to availability.

8.7 Children should not start a new 30 hour place with the Provider during the grace period. This includes:

   a. Where a parent falls into their grace period before the child has started a 30 hours place;
b. Where a parent falls into their grace period whilst their child is in a 30 hours place with a different provider and is seeking to move their child;

8.8 In exceptional circumstances, the Local Authority may allow a child to change providers during the grace period, if the current provider is no longer able to offer EEF places.

9. Flexibility

9.1 Provision must be offered within the national parameters on flexibility as set out in the current Early Education and Childcare Statutory guidance for Local Authorities.

9.2 The Provider should work with the Local Authority and share information about the times and periods at which they are able to offer EEF entitlements, to support the Local Authority to secure sufficient stretched and flexible places to meet Parental demand in the Local Authority. The Provider will also be required to submit an on-line Childcare Sufficiency Return, annually, to enable the Local Authority to carry out its’ statutory sufficiency duties. The Provider must also make information about their offer and admissions criteria available to parents at the point the child first accesses provision at their setting.

9.3 The Provider should ensure, that where reasonably practicable, children are able to take up their EEF hours in continuous blocks and avoid artificial breaks being created in the day, particularly during the lunch time hour/session which should form part of the EEF provision where the child is attending a morning and afternoon session.

9.4 Children may take up their EEF entitlement at more than one provider providing they do not exceed two sites in any single day.

9.5 Where a child takes up their EEF entitlement at more than one site, funding will be allocated in line with clauses 16.19 - 16.23.

9.6 The Provider must ensure that the EEF hours cannot be compressed, i.e. the parent cannot take more than 15 universal or 15 extended hours per week over fewer than 38 weeks of the year. However, a parent can chose a provider who is open for less than 38 weeks of the year, and therefore receive 15 universal or 15 extended hours per week over fewer weeks.

10. Partnership Working

10.1 Partnerships should be supported by local authorities on four levels between:

i. Local Authorities and providers
ii. Providers working with other providers, including childminders, schools and organisations
iii. Providers and parents
iv. Local Authorities and parents
10.2 The Local Authority should promote partnership working between different types of providers, including childminders, across all sectors and encourage more providers to offer flexible provision, alongside other providers.

10.3 The Provider should work in partnership with parents, carers and other providers to improve provision and outcomes for children in their setting. An interactive toolkit has been developed to help providers set up or join a partnership, maximise the benefits of working together and tackle the challenges joint working can bring. This can be found at http://www.familyandchildcaretrust.org/dfes-30-hour-mixed-model-partnership-toolkit

10.4 The Provider should discuss and work closely with parents to agree how a child’s overall care will work in practice when their EEF entitlement is split across different providers, such as at a maintained setting and childminder, to ensure a smooth transition for the child.

10.5 The Provider must enter into a Parental Agreement as provided at Annex B with all parents whose children are taking up the EEF entitlements, to ensure the necessary information and consents are in place to allow the Provider to claim funding from the Local Authority.

10.6 The Provider may choose to add additional fields to the Parental Agreement as provided at Annex B, providing such fields do not contravene any of the national requirements as set out in the Early Education and Childcare Statutory Guidance for Local Authorities. For auditing and verification purposes, the Provider should not remove any fields contained in the Parental Agreement provided at Annex B, with the exception of section 4 and section 10, where the Provider is permitted to amend/remove fields that are not applicable.

11. SEND

11.1 The Local Authority must strategically plan support for children with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND) to meet the needs of all children in their local area as per the Special Educational Needs and Disability Code of Practice: 0 to 25 years (January 2015).

11.2 The Provider must ensure owners and all staff members are aware of their duties in relation to the SEND Code of Practice and the Equality Act 2010.

11.3 The Local Authority must be clear and transparent about the support on offer in their area, through their Local Offer, so parents and providers can access that support.

11.4 The Provider must be clear and transparent about the SEND support on offer at their setting and make information available about their offer, to support parents to choose the right setting for their child with SEND.

12. Social Mobility and Disadvantage

12.1 The Local Authority should promote equality and inclusion, particularly for disadvantaged families, looked after children (LAC) and children in need (CIN) by
removing barriers of access to EEF places and working with parents to give each child support to fulfil their potential.

12.2 The Provider should ensure that they have identified the disadvantaged children in their setting as part of the process for checking EYPP eligibility. They will also use EYPP and any locally available funding streams or support to improve outcomes for this group. The Provider must ensure all prescribed information is included in the headcount or supplementary claim for any children they wish to claim EYPP for, to enable the Local Authority to check if the child is eligible for EYPP (i.e. Parent name, date of birth and NI/NASS number).

13. Quality

13.1 The Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) statutory framework is mandatory for all schools that provide early years provision and Ofsted-registered early years providers in England. The EYFS sets the standards that all early years providers must meet to ensure that children learn and develop well and are kept healthy and safe.

13.2 Ofsted are the sole arbiter of quality for all EEF entitlements and Ofsted and inspectorates of independent schools have regard to the EYFS in carrying out inspections and report on the quality and standards of provision.

13.3 Local authorities have a legal duty to provide information, advice and training on meeting the requirements of the EYFS, meeting the needs of children with SEND and on effective safeguarding and child protection for providers who are rated less than ‘Good’ by Ofsted or are newly registered providers.

13.4 Provision must be offered in accordance with the national parameters on quality as set out in Section A3 of Early Education and Childcare Statutory Guidance for Local Authorities and the EYFS statutory framework.

13.5 Where the Provider fails to meet the quality standards as detailed in clause 13.4, the Local Authority may withdraw funding as outlined in clause 18.

13.6 The Provider must ensure that any marketing or publicity materials that make reference to Ofsted inspection judgements are up to date, and reflective of the most recent published inspection report. This includes any information published on the Provider's website. Where the Provider chooses to publish their Ofsted inspection report, they must ensure it is the most recent version.

14. Business Planning and Claims

14.1 The Local Authority should clearly set out the documentation that they need to receive from providers to support payment and delivery of EEF entitlements and the timetable which providers should follow when submitting their documentation, this includes setting out the importance of timely and accurate census returns.

14.2 The Local Authority should not charge providers disproportionate penalties for providing late or incomplete information leading to additional administration in the processing of EEF entitlements. Any charges should be reasonable and proportionate.
to the inconvenience or costs incurred to the Local Authority as a result of the lateness and local authorities will ensure charges are clearly communicated to providers. The Provider should refer to clause 14.8 for details of the administration charges.

14.3 The Local Authority should not carry out audit regimes which are disproportionate or are unnecessarily burdensome to providers. The Local Authority’s audit arrangements are set out in clause 17.

14.4 The Provider should ensure they submit timely and accurate information, including, but not limited to, headcount funding claims, supplementary funding claims, census returns, childcare sufficiency returns, parental declarations and invoices, as per the financial guidelines of their Local Authority. Failure to do so may result in inaccurate, delayed or suspended funding.

14.5 The Provider should maintain accurate financial and non-financial records relating to EEF places and should give the Local Authority access on reasonable notice to all financial and non-financial records relating to EEF places that have been funded by the Local Authority under this Agreement, subject to confidentiality restrictions.

14.6 The Local Authority will notify the Provider by email the dates in each term by which the headcount and supplementary funding claims, childcare sufficiency returns and census returns must be submitted.

14.7 It is the sole responsibility of the Provider to submit accurate headcount funding claims, supplementary funding claims, census returns, childcare sufficiency returns, or other information and documentation as requested by the Local Authority, within the deadlines as notified to the Provider outlined in clause 14.6.

14.8 In the event that the Provider submits incomplete or inaccurate headcount claims, supplementary claims and/or any other returns associated with Early Education Funding (e.g. census, childcare sufficiency) the Local Authority may apply an administration charge on each and every such occasion, as outlined in Tables B and C. All administration charges will be deducted from the Early Education funding due to be paid to the Provider, or, if applicable, be recoverable by the issue of separate invoices.

**Table B: Inaccurate and Incomplete Claims**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provider Type</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Amount Per Term</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Childminder</td>
<td>Inaccurate headcount claims</td>
<td>£10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Childminder</td>
<td>Inaccurate supplementary claims</td>
<td>£10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Childminder</td>
<td>Inaccurate or late census/childcare sufficiency returns (or any other return)</td>
<td>£10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provider Type</td>
<td>Type of Charge</td>
<td>Amount Per Term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Years Providers (excluding childminders)</td>
<td>Inaccurate headcount claims</td>
<td>£20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Years Providers (excluding childminders)</td>
<td>Inaccurate supplementary claims</td>
<td>£20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Years Providers (excluding childminders)</td>
<td>Inaccurate or late census/childcare sufficiency returns (or any other return associated with Early Education Funding)</td>
<td>£20.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C: Late Headcount Submissions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No. of Children on Headcount Claim</th>
<th>Total Charge Per Term</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 to 5</td>
<td>£ 10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 to 10</td>
<td>£ 20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 to 20</td>
<td>£ 40.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>21 to 30</td>
<td>£ 60.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31 to 40</td>
<td>£ 80.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>41 to 50</td>
<td>£100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51 to 70</td>
<td>£135.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70+</td>
<td>£150.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.9  The Provider can only make headcount and supplementary funding claims for eligible children as prescribed in clause 7.

14.10 The Provider cannot make a headcount or supplementary Funding Claim for any children where a signed Parental Agreement, as provided at Annex B, is not in place as detailed in clause 10.5. Failure to retain paper or electronic copies of records relating to Funding Claims (as outlined in clauses 17.2 and 17.6) may result in the reclaiming of funding by the Local Authority.

14.11 The Headcount Week is the week when a child must be registered before funding can be paid to a Provider and is ordinarily the week in which the third Thursday of term falls.

14.12 The Provider must submit the headcount Funding Claim, via the on-line Provider Portal, for all eligible children, as specified in clauses 7 and 14.10, who are present or booked in/on roll for the headcount week. The Provider cannot submit a headcount
Funding Claim for any children who are not present or booked in/on roll for the headcount week. Where the child is not present in the headcount week due to illness or a pre agreed absence the Provider can include the child in the headcount Funding Claim unless 14.13b or 14.14 applies.

14.13 Where a parent has given written notice to the Provider, prior to the headcount week, that they no longer wish their child(ren) to access an Early Education place the following applies:

   a. Providing the child was in attendance during the headcount week or the two weeks leading up to the Monday of headcount week the Provider can claim Early Education funding up to the end of the agreed notice period;

   b. Where the notice period ends prior to the headcount week the Provider cannot include the child in the headcount Funding Claim.

14.14 In the event of non-attendance for the full 2 week period leading up to the Monday of headcount week for any eligible child, the Provider must gain written confirmation from the parent that they wish to continue accessing their child’s EEF place from the Provider, otherwise the Provider cannot include the child in the headcount Funding Claim.

14.15 The Provider must submit the headcount Funding Claim for all children specified in clause 7 by the specified deadlines as notified in clause 14.6.

14.16 If the Provider fails to make an accurate headcount claim for any eligible children described in clause 14.12, or fails to claim for all eligible children described in clause 14.12, the Provider is permitted to submit a supplementary Funding Claim for such children.

14.17 In addition to those children described in clause 14.16, the Provider is permitted to submit a supplementary claim for the following children:

   a. eligible two year old children who take up an EEF place after the headcount week;

   b. three and four year old children who take up an EEF universal place after the headcount week;

   c. three and four year old children who take up the extended entitlement after the headcount week, providing the child’s parent was found to be eligible by HMRC prior to the beginning of the term the child became age eligible;

   d. two, three and four year old children who increase their hours of attendance after the headcount week.

14.18 The Provider is only permitted to make a supplementary claim for those children described in clauses 14.16 and 14.17 for the remaining termly funded weeks/hours,
with effect from the Monday after headcount week, or the date on which a signed Parental Agreement was in place as provided at Annex B, whichever is the latest. The Provider cannot submit a supplementary claim until the child has actually started at the setting, i.e. post-dated claims will not be accepted.

14.19 The Provider must submit all headcount and supplementary claims within the term for which they relate. Headcount or supplementary claims received after the end of term for which they relate will not be processed by the Local Authority.

14.20 If the Provider fails to comply with clause 14.19, the Provider cannot subsequently charge the parent for any funded hours that the Provider should have claimed from the Local Authority.

14.21 Where a closure day occurs due to a bank holiday, polling day, or unforeseen circumstances such as severe weather, funerals etc. the Provider should, wherever possible, offer the missed session/s at an alternative time or allow the parent to 'bank' the hours for a future date/time.

15. Charging

15.1 Government funding is intended to cover the cost to deliver 15 or 30 hours a week of EEF high quality, flexible childcare places. It is not intended to cover the cost of meals, consumables, additional hours or additional services.

15.2 The provider can charge for meals and snacks as part of the EEF entitlement place and they can also charge for consumables such as nappies or sun cream and for services such as trips and musical tuition. Parents should therefore expect to pay for these, although these charges must be voluntary for the parent. Where parents are unable or unwilling to pay for meals and consumables, providers who choose to offer the EEF entitlements are responsible for setting their own policy on how to respond, with options including waiving or reducing the cost of meals and snacks or allowing parents to supply their own meals. Providers should be particularly mindful of the impact of additional charges on the most disadvantaged parents.

15.3 The Provider should deliver the EEF entitlements consistently so that all children accessing any of the EEF entitlements will receive the same quality and access to provision, regardless of whether they opt to pay for optional hours, services, meals or consumables.

15.4 The Local Authority should not intervene where parents choose to purchase additional hours of provision or additional services, providing that this does not affect the parent’s ability to take up their child’s EEF place. The Provider should be completely transparent about any additional charges.

15.5 The Provider must publish their admissions criteria and ensure parents understand which hours/sessions can be taken as their EEF entitlement. Not all providers will be able to offer fully flexible places, but the Provider should work with parents to ensure that as far as possible the pattern of hours are convenient for parents’ working hours.
15.6 The Provider can charge parents a deposit to secure an EEF place for three and four year old children but should refund the deposit in full to parents within a reasonable time scale, and no later than 4 weeks after the child has taken up their EEF place.

15.7 The Provider cannot charge parents “top-up” fees (the difference between the Provider’s usual fee and the funding they receive from the Local Authority to deliver EEF places) or require parents to pay a registration fee as a condition of taking up their child’s EEF place. The Provider must ensure they show the funded hours at a £0 charge on the parent’s invoice before any charges for additional hours/services are made.

15.8 The Provider should ensure their invoices and receipts are clear, transparent and itemised, allowing parents to see that they have received their EEF entitlement completely free of charge and understand fees paid for additional hours. The Provider will also ensure that receipts contain their full details so that they can be identified as coming from a specific Provider. Copies of invoices issued to parents should be retained for a minimum period of 6 years for auditing and verification purposes, as outlined in clauses 17.2 and 17.6.

15.9 The Provider cannot ask the parent to pay for their child's EEF place in advance and be refunded at a later date e.g. when the Provider receives the funding for their child's EEF place from the Local Authority.

15.10 The Provider must ensure that EEF places are delivered completely free of charge to the parent and other than deposit fees as outlined in clause 15.6, the Provider cannot ask the parent to pay any fee associated with accessing their child's EEF entitlements (e.g. uniform fee, administration costs associated with stretching or banking EEF hours, fees for offering the EEF places flexibly etc.)

15.11 The Provider cannot use EEF funding to offset any outstanding fees a parent has accrued as a result of any non-funded hours or additional services delivered by the Provider.

16. Funding

16.1 The Local Authority will pay the Provider an Early Education funding rate that is in line with the Local Authority's approved Early Years Funding Formula.

16.2 Before agreeing to fund the Provider, the Local Authority will consider any information published by Ofsted about the Provider, including recent history about childcare provision by the Provider or childcare provision at a particular premise of the Provider.

16.3 The Local Authority will pay the Provider the Early Education funding in accordance with the conditions and rates detailed in this Agreement, for so long as the Provider is and remains an Eligible Provider.

16.4 The Local Authority's decision to fund the Provider to deliver EEF places will be based on the Provider's Ofsted registration status and inspection judgement, as outlined in Clauses 18.3 - 18.8. For any newly registered providers the Local Authority will fund the Provider until such time that the Provider's first Ofsted
inspection judgement is published. Thereafter, the Local Authority will fund the Provider in line with Clauses 18.3 -18.8.

16.5 The Provider should accurately complete and submit headcount and other necessary data returns by the agreed date to support the Local Authority to make payment.

16.6 Providing the Provider submits the required information within the specified deadlines outlined in this Agreement, the Local Authority will pay the interim and final balance payments on the 15th Working Day of the month in which they are due. Where the 15th day of the month falls on a Non-Working Day, payment will be made on the next Working Day.

16.7 For all providers the Local Authority will make 2 termly interim payments, estimated as a percentage of the previous terms actual headcount hours claimed, followed by a balancing payment, as outlined in Table D.

16.8 Any provider that did not make a previous term headcount Funding Claim, and all childminders (regardless of whether a previous term headcount Funding Claim was made) will have the opportunity to submit their own estimate of hours for the current term via the on-line Provider Portal. In the event that the Provider:

   a. submits a revised estimate of hours for the current term via the on-line Provider Portal within the specified deadlines, the Provider will receive the interim payments calculated as a percentage of the estimate they submitted, as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Interim % Payment</th>
<th>Interim Payment Date</th>
<th>Balancing Payment Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Autumn</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>15 September</td>
<td>15 November</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>15 October</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>15 January</td>
<td>15 March</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>15 February</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summer</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>15 April</td>
<td>15 June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>15 May</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   b. fails to submit a revised estimate of hours via the on-line Provider Portal, within the specified deadlines, the Provider will receive the interim payments as calculated by the Local Authority, as outlined in Table D below.

16.9 The termly headcount balancing payment will be paid as outlined in 16.8 and Table D below, providing:

   a. the Provider submits a headcount claim using the on-line Provider Portal;
   b. the claim is free from errors/queries;
   c. the Provider includes all required information;
   d. the Provider submits the headcount claim by the deadlines as notified to them in clause 14.6.
Table D: Payment Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Interim % Payment</th>
<th>Interim Payment Date</th>
<th>Balancing Payment Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Autumn</td>
<td>20% 20%</td>
<td>15 September 15 October</td>
<td>15 November</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>30% 30%</td>
<td>15 January 15 February</td>
<td>15 March</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summer</td>
<td>30% 30%</td>
<td>15 April 15 May</td>
<td>15 June</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16.10 The Local Authority will make supplementary payments for those children described in clauses 14.16 and 14.17 on a pro-rata basis depending on the hours already taken and the number of hours remaining in the term.

16.11 The Provider must ensure all claims for supplementary payments are submitted by the end of the term for which the claim relates, as the Local Authority will not pay backdated claims from previous terms.

16.12 The Local Authority will make supplementary payments as outlined in Table E, providing the claim is accurate, complete and received within the timescales specified in clauses 14.7 and 16.11.

Table E: Supplementary Payment Dates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Claims received by:</th>
<th>Payment Date By:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Autumn</td>
<td>30 November</td>
<td>31 December</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>31 December</td>
<td>15 January</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>28 February</td>
<td>31 March</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>31 March</td>
<td>15 April</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summer</td>
<td>31 July</td>
<td>31 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>31 August</td>
<td>15 September</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16.13 The Local Authority will make a termly Early Years Pupil Premium (EYPP) payment for any eligible children included in the Provider's headcount claim by the last Working Day of term and by the dates specified in Table E, for any eligible children claimed through the supplementary process, providing all relevant information was submitted to the Local Authority as specified in clause 12.2.

16.14 Where the Provider fails to include any information specified in clause 12.2, the EYPP funding will not be paid to the Provider for such children in that term.
16.15 The Provider must ensure that parents are aware that if their child moves to a different provider after the headcount week then additional/residual funding for that term will not be made available for the child at another setting unless the move relates to a child in public care (i.e. a looked after child) or a child at risk of becoming looked after.

16.16 The Provider accepts that the movement of children after the headcount week for a child who is in public care, as described in clause 16.15, will not necessarily result in additional/residual funding being made available and will only be considered by the Local Authority following a written request by the child/family social worker. In such cases the request for additional/residual funding to be made available should be made by the Provider and must include written confirmation from the child's social worker.

16.17 Where the Provider subsequently fails to meet the quality provisions detailed in clause 13 the Local Authority may, at its sole discretion, make additional funding available for eligible children to continue to take up their EEF place at an alternative Provider for the remainder of the term.

16.18 Where the Provider is no longer able to offer an eligible child an EEF place, the Local Authority will recover any unused funding and make such funding available to the child's new Provider. In such cases the original Provider must provide the parent of the child with reasonable notice in writing of their intention to withdraw the offer of an EEF place. The Provider must also provide written notification to the Local Authority within 1 week of the notice being given to the parent.

16.19 Where the Provider makes an Early Education Funding Claim and another Provider also makes such a claim for the same child:

   a. both claims will be regarded as valid provided the combined hours claimed do not exceed the termly maximum hours allowable;

   b. where the combined hours claimed by both providers exceed the termly maximum hours allowable, then the Local Authority will reduce each claim on a pro-rata basis to the termly maximum hours allowable;

   c. on such an occasion the Local Authority will notify each provider of their number of eligible hours being claimed and the pro-rata amount to be paid.

16.20 Where an Early Education Funding Claim is made by the Provider on behalf of a child residing outside of the administrative boundary of the Local Authority, such a claim will be deemed valid provided the hours claimed do not exceed the termly maximum hours allowable.

16.21 In the event that the Provider makes an Early Education Funding Claim for a child residing outside the administrative boundaries of the Local Authority, and a provider from the child's residing local authority also makes a claim, then such a claim will be deemed valid provided the combined hours claimed by both providers does not exceed the termly maximum hours allowable:
a. where the combined hours claimed by the providers exceeds the termly maximum, the Local Authority will fund the Lancashire provider any balancing hours (i.e. the difference between the hours claimed by the non-Lancashire provider and the termly maximum hours allowable);

b. in the event that an overpayment is made, the Local Authority will reclaim the value of the over-claim from the Lancashire provider.

16.22 Where an Early Education Funding Claim is made by the Provider for a two, three or four year old child that also attends a maintained school:

   a. the claim will be deemed valid providing the combined hours claimed by the Provider and the maintained school in the child's care do not exceed the termly maximum hours allowable;

   b. where the combined hours claimed by the Provider and the maintained school exceed the termly maximum allowable:

      i. in the event that the child started at the Provider before or during the Private Voluntary & Independent (PVI) Headcount Week and the maintained school after the PVI Headcount Week, then the value of any over-claim will be reclaimed from the maintained school;

      ii. in the event that the child started at the maintained school before or during the PVI Headcount Week and the Provider after the PVI Headcount Week, then the value of any over-claim will be reclaimed from the Provider and;

      iii. in the event that the child was in attendance at both the Provider and the maintained school before or during the PVI headcount week, the Local Authority will reduce each claim on a pro-rata basis to the termly maximum hours allowable.

16.23 In the event that the child is in the academic year in which he/she turns five, the Provider cannot claim Early Education Funding once the child has taken up a reception place in a maintained school or academy (including during any staggered intake period).

16.24 The Provider must ensure all Early Education Funding received from the Local Authority is used in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

16.25 In the event that an overpayment is made to the Provider, the Local Authority will reduce the value of any future Early Education Funding payments, until the overpayment has been fully recovered. Where the Provider has not made a headcount claim for two consecutive terms, the registered Provider will repay the overpayment against an invoice raised by the Local Authority.
16.26 In the event that the Provider, for whatever reason, becomes unable to offer Early Education Funding, the registered Provider will repay to the Local Authority the balance of any outstanding Early Education Funding or overpayment against an invoice raised by the Local Authority.

16.27 In the event of a funding dispute between the Provider and the parent, where the Provider cannot provide a copy of the signed Parental Agreement as provided at Annex B the Local Authority may re-claim the total number of funded hours from the Provider, for the period in dispute.

16.28 All sums payable under this Agreement are, unless otherwise stated, exclusive of Value Added Tax and at all times are subject to and conditional upon funds having been first received by the Local Authority from its funders.

16.29 The Local Authority, acting reasonably, may at its discretion withhold and/or require repayment from the Provider any or all of the Early Education Funding at any time during the contract period and within 3 years of the contract commencing if;

a. the Local Authority has paid funding in excess of the Early Education Funding actually due to the Provider;

b. the Provider has failed to take sufficient measures to investigate and resolve any irregularity in the course of it providing the Service;

c. this Agreement is terminated pursuant to clause 18 or any of the grounds reasonably existing under clause 18;

d. the Provider has failed to employ any part of the Early Education Funding in providing the Services in accordance with this Agreement;

e. the Provider is in serious breach of the terms of this Agreement or the relevant Statutory Guidance;

f. the Local Authority has reasonable evidence that the Provider is in financial difficulties by its' failure to pay its debts when they fall due;

g. financial irregularities, including the non-retention of all essential records and documentation as specified in this Agreement, are identified as a result of the Local Authority undertaking checks and/or audits in relation to Early Education funding claims.

17. Compliance

17.1 The Local Authority can carry out checks and/or audits on providers to ensure compliance with the requirements of delivering the EEF entitlements.

17.2 The Provider must keep a satisfactory standard of records (e.g. supporting documentation, daily registers of attendance, parental agreements, copies of evidence of child's date of birth, two year old eligibility and eligibility for the extended entitlement etc.) in order to support its Early Education funding claims and to ensure
satisfactory audit trails. All records will be checked as part of any checks and/or audits undertaken by the Local Authority.

17.3 The Provider will allow the Local Authority access to financial records, documents and other materials relating to the use of the funding and provide such assistance with their interpretation as the Local Authority may require. Failure to do so may result in the reclaiming of funding by the Local Authority.

17.4 In carrying out its checks and/or audits, the Local Authority may require the Provider to supply copies of all relevant information, including but not limited to the information described in clause 17.2, relating to the use of Early Education funding.

17.5 The Local Authority will provide the Provider with reasonable notice of any such checks and/or audits.

17.6 The Provider must retain, in paper or electronic format, all information and documents relating to the use of Early Education Funding for a minimum period of 6 years and ensure such information is processed in accordance with Data Protection Legislation.

18. Termination and Withdrawal of Funding

18.1 Suspension of registration by Ofsted or a breach of statutory requirements or safeguarding issues may result in the termination of the arrangement and withdrawal of funding.

18.2 The Agreement may be terminated in line with the Local Authority's duties required by regulation 7 (Termination of the arrangements) of the Local Authority, (Duty to Secure Early Years Provision Free of Charge) Regulations 2014 and Regulation 37 (Arrangements between local authorities and early years providers: termination) of The Childcare (Early Years Provision Free of Charge) (Extended Entitlement) Regulations 2016.

18.3 The Provider must have an active Ofsted registration status. Where the Provider's registration status changes and is no longer active the Local Authority may withdraw Early Education funding from the date the status changed. Funding will not be withdrawn if the status reverts back to active within 2 weeks of the original status change date.

18.4 Where the registration status reverts to 'active' within 2 weeks of the date specified in clause 18.3, the Provider must offer the equivalent EEF hours that were 'lost' as a result of the status change, to ensure that all children are able to access their full annual entitlement. Where this is not possible, the Local Authority may recover the funding for these hours.

18.5 Where the Provider is given an Ofsted rating of 'requires improvement' the Provider must submit an Action Plan to the Local Authority within 6 weeks of the judgement being published. Where the Provider fails to submit an Action Plan by the required date or where the Provider fails to engage with the Local Authority on what action is being taken to improve, the Local Authority may provide 8 weeks written notice of its intention to withdraw Early Education Funding.
18.6 Where the Provider is given three consecutive inspection ratings of 'requires improvement' the Local Authority may provide written notice of its intention to withdraw Early Education Funding with effect from 8 weeks after the inspection publication date.

18.7 In the event that Ofsted publish an overall rating of 'inadequate', 'not met' or 'ineffective' for the Provider, the following will apply:

a. Where the 'quality of education' judgements are less than 'good' the Local Authority will withdraw funding 8 weeks after the date the 'inadequate' inspection judgement is published, but reserves the right to reduce or extend this period, as the Local Authority in its absolute discretion considers appropriate;

b. Where the 'quality of education' judgements are 'good' or better the Local Authority will continue to fund the Provider until the next inspection. If at the next inspection, the Provider remains 'Inadequate', 'not met' or 'ineffective' the Local Authority will withdraw funding 4 weeks from the date the next inspection is published;

c. The Provider will be required to submit an action plan within 15 workings days of the 'inadequate' judgement being published. The action plan must include participation in training/quality improvement activities and provide details of who/how this is being provided. Failure to meet this within the specified timescales could result in funding ceasing 8 weeks after 'inadequate' inspection is published.

d. Ineffective judgements apply specifically to a Provider who is part of a Childminder Agency.

18.8 In such cases outlined in clause 18.7:

a. the Provider must inform parents of the inspection judgement within 5 working days of it being published, and must explain what the funding implications are for their child's(ren's) place;

b. where a parent chooses to secure alternative childcare before the date the Local Authority would ordinarily cease funding as outlined in clause 18.7, the Local Authority will only fund the Provider for a period of 4 weeks after the date the inspection judgement was published. Any remaining funding after this date will be made available for parents to access their child's EEF entitlement with a different Provider;

c. the Local Authority will only re-instate Early Education Funding when the Provider has been re-inspected and the published Ofsted rating is 'Requires Improvement' or better. Funding will be backdated to the date of the re-inspection providing a Funding Agreement for the Provision of Early Education and Childcare is in place between the Provider and the Local Authority.

18.9 Each party will be entitled to terminate this Agreement by giving at least 3 months written notice to the other party.
18.10 The Local Authority will be entitled to terminate this Agreement with immediate effect if the Provider:

a. commits a material breach of any of the terms of this Agreement which is incapable of remedy or which, being capable of remedy, is not remedied within 3 months after receipt of notice from the Local Authority specifying the nature of the breach set out in clause 25.1a;

b. enters into any composition or arrangement with its creditors or enters into any liquidation whether compulsorily or voluntarily or has a receiver or administrator appointed over all or any part of its assets or undertaking or an administration order is made in relation to it.

18.11 If the Provider fails to keep satisfactory records as outlined in clauses 17.2 and 17.6 and following any checks and/or audits undertaken by the Local Authority, evidence suggests that the Provider is making potentially fraudulent claims and/or commits fraud in relation to this Agreement, the Local Authority may:

a. recover in full from the Provider any other loss sustained by the Local Authority in consequence of any breach of this clause; or

b. after careful consideration and acting in a proportionate manner, immediately terminate this Agreement and recover from the Provider the amount of any loss suffered by the Local Authority resulting from the termination, including the costs reasonably incurred by the Local Authority in making arrangements for the recovery of the funding and any additional expenditure incurred by the Local Authority throughout the remainder of this Agreement.

18.12 The Local Authority, regardless of the provisions in clauses 18.9 -18.11 will be entitled to terminate this Agreement with immediate effect if the Secretary of State advises the Local Authority that the Provider has been rated by Ofsted as 'Inadequate'.

18.13 Upon notice of termination of this Agreement, for whatever reason, the Provider will repay to the Local Authority the balance of outstanding Early Education Funding within 28 days of termination and provide appropriate accountancy evidence on the level of unspent Early Education Funding.

18.14 Upon notice of termination of this Agreement, for whatever reason, the Local Authority will reimburse the Provider the balance of outstanding Early Education Funding within 28 days of termination providing the Provider has submitted a valid Headcount or Supplementary Funding Claim as specified in clause 14.

18.15 The Provider cannot claim any additional Early Education Funding for any new children, or existing children who increase their hours of attendance, after the Local Authority has given prior written notice of its intention to withdraw funding under clauses 18.10 and 18.11.
19. Appeals Process

19.1 The Provider may be denied approval to offer the EEF entitlements or have their funding withdrawn as set out in clause 18 above. The Provider can appeal against that decision.

19.2 Where the Provider wishes to appeal the decision described in clause 19.1, they must appeal to the Local Authority within 2 weeks of receiving the Local Authority's notification that funding will be withdrawn.

20. Complaints Process

20.1 The Provider should ensure they have a complaints procedure in place that is published and accessible for parents who are not satisfied their child has received their EEF entitlement in the correct way, as set out in this Agreement and in Early Education and Childcare Statutory guidance for Local Authorities.

20.2 In the event that a parent is not satisfied with the way in which the Provider has dealt with their complaint, the Provider should direct the parent to the Local Authority’s Corporate Complaints Procedure at www.lancashire.gov.uk.

20.3 Where a parent is not satisfied that their child has received their EEF entitlement in accordance with this Agreement and/or the Early Education and Childcare Statutory Guidance for Local Authorities, and is unable to resolve their complaint or dispute directly with the Provider, the parent may contact the Local Authority in order for the Local Authority to investigate the parent’s complaint.

20.4 Where a parent contacts the Local Authority in the event that they are unable to resolve their complaint or dispute directly with the Provider, the Local Authority may request relevant information from the Provider in order for the dispute/complaint to be investigated by the Local Authority. The Local Authority will give the Provider a reasonable amount of time to provide such information to the Local Authority.

20.5 In the event that the Provider fails to provide information requested by the Local Authority, as outlined in clause 20.4, the Local Authority may re-claim the total number of funded hours from the Provider, for the children and period in dispute.

20.6 If a parent or Provider is not satisfied with the way in which their complaint has been dealt with by the Local Authority or believes the Local Authority has acted unreasonably, they can make a complaint to the Local Authority Ombudsman. Such complaints will only be considered when the local complaints procedures have been exhausted.

21. Monitoring and Tracking

21.1 The Provider must promote good attendance and must record the attendance of all funded children in a register which meets the requirements of Ofsted, e.g. a daily record of the names of the children being cared for on the premises, their hours of attendance and the names of each child’s key person.
21.2 The Provider needs to be aware of potential safeguarding issues surrounding non-attendance and reduced attendance as well as the impact on a child’s development.

21.3 The Provider must monitor the attendance records of all Early Education funded children.

21.4 The Provider must have a robust system in place for monitoring children’s attendance and ensure that any concerns arising from poor attendance are dealt with in line with all statutory requirements.

22. General Obligations

22.1 The Provider in the performance of this Agreement will comply with all statutory requirements, regulations and other provisions to be observed and performed in connection with the Services to be provided, including but not limited to:


b. Local Authority (Duty to Secure Early Years Provision Free of Charge) Regulations 2014;

c. The Childcare (Early Years Provision Free of Charge) (Extended Entitlement) Regulations 2016;

d. The Childcare Acts 2006 and 2016;

e. Statutory Framework for Early Years Foundation Stage 2014;

f. Special Educational Needs and Disability Code of Practice: 0 to 25 years 2014;

g. The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and associated regulations;

h. The Common Law Duty of Care;

i. Equality Act 2010;

j. Civil Law;

k. Prevent Duty Guidance 2015;

l. Data Protection Legislation.

22.2 The Provider will comply with all the conditions and terms of registration requirements as set out in the Statutory Guidance.

22.3 The Provider will offer Early Education provision at premises within the administrative boundary of the Local Authority.

22.4 The Provider must complete, through the on-line Provider Portal, all documentation, funding claims and returns in connection with and appertaining to the Early Education Funding including, but not limited to, acceptance of this Agreement in full.

22.5 The Provider must have an inclusive admission policy.

22.6 The Provider must not do anything to cause any infringement by the Local Authority of its obligation under the Human Rights Act 1998 or any other human rights law.
22.7 The Local Authority will ensure that the Early Education Funding is administered promptly, fairly and in a way that promotes equal opportunities and inclusion.

22.8 The Local Authority will maintain and keep an up-to-date directory of all childcare providers and make available relevant details, through the Family Information Service to parents, where requested, of all those providers within the administrative boundary of the Local Authority who are eligible to claim funding for the provision of Early Education places for two, three and four year old children.

22.9 The Local Authority will keep up-to-date information relating to the provision of Early Education Funding on the Local Authority's website www.lancashire.gov.uk.

22.10 The Local Authority will ensure that providers are made aware of the requirements and process for applying for Early Education Funding.

23. Confidentiality, Freedom of Information and Data Protection Legislation

23.1 Subject to clause 23.3 (Freedom of Information), each party shall during the Contract Period and thereafter keep secret and confidential all Know-How or other business, technical or commercial information disclosed to it as a result of the Agreement and shall not disclose the same to any person save to the extent necessary to perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of this Agreement or save as expressly authorised in writing by the other party.

23.2 The obligation of confidentiality contained in clause 23.1 shall not apply or shall cease to apply to any Know-How or other business, technical or commercial information which:

a. at the time of its disclosure by the disclosing party is already in the public domain or which subsequently enters the public domain other than by breach of the terms of this Agreement by the receiving party;

b. is already known to the receiving party as evidenced by written records at the time of its disclosure by the disclosing party and was not otherwise acquired by the receiving party from the disclosing party under any obligations of confidence; or

c. is at any time after the date of this Agreement acquired by the receiving party from a third party having the right to disclose the same to the receiving party without breach of the obligations owed by that party to the disclosing party.

23.3 The Provider acknowledges that the Local Authority is subject to the requirements of the Freedom of Information Act 2000 (FOIA) and shall assist and co-operate with the Local Authority (at the Provider’s expense) to enable the Local Authority to comply with these information disclosure requirements.

23.4 The Provider shall:
23.5 The Local Authority shall be responsible for determining at its absolute discretion whether the information:

a. is exempt from disclosure in accordance with the provisions of the FOIA; and

b. is to be disclosed in response to a request for information.

23.6 In no event shall the Provider respond directly to a request for information unless expressly authorised to do so by the Local Authority.

23.7 The Provider shall ensure that all information produced in the course of the Agreement or relating to the Agreement is retained for disclosure and shall permit the Local Authority to inspect such records as requested from time to time.

23.8 The Provider notes the Local Authority’s obligations under the Data Protection Legislation and it will comply with this legislation in so far as it places obligations on the Provider as well as facilitating the Local Authority’s compliance. In particular, the Provider notes that the Local Authority may be required to provide information relating to this Agreement or the Provider to a person in order to comply with the Local Authority’s obligations under such legislation.

24. Procedure For Dealing With Disputes About This Agreement

24.1 If either party is dissatisfied with this Agreement or the Services or the payments which are the subject matter of this Agreement and that party is not able to resolve its dissatisfaction in informal discussion with the other party, then it may at its option give notice to the other party in writing of its intention to invoke the dispute procedure set out in clauses 24.2 and 24.3.

24.2 Within 10 days of receipt of the said notice or any other period agreed between the parties, the Local Authority’s nominated representative and the Provider’s representative will meet together to attempt to resolve the said dispute.

24.3 In the event that the parties referred to in clause 24.2 fail to resolve the said dispute, the Head of Education, Quality, & Performance Service, Room 2:27, County Hall,
Preston, PR1 0LD and a Director of the Provider will meet within 10 days of the meeting referred to in clause 24.2 (or such other period agreed between the parties) in a further attempt to resolve the said dispute.

24.4 If the dispute cannot be resolved by the parties within 1 month of being escalated as referred to in clause 24.3, the dispute may by agreement between the parties be referred to a mediator (the "Mediator") chosen by agreement between the parties. All negotiations connected with the dispute shall be conducted in confidence and without prejudice to the rights of the parties in the further proceeding.

24.5 If the parties fail to appoint a Mediator within 1 month, or fail to enter into a written agreement resolving the dispute within 1 month of the Mediator being appointed, either party may exercise any remedy it has under applicable law.

25. Procedure For Dealing With Breaches Of Any Terms Of This Agreement

25.1 Where concerns are highlighted by the Provider's continual failure to meet the statutory requirements of the EYFS, the Local Authority will:

a. give written notice to the Provider setting out any concerns the Local Authority may have;

b. where the Local Authority considers that its concerns are capable of being addressed, set out the actions that must be taken to remedy such concerns.

25.2 Any actions required by the Local Authority in accordance with clause 25.1b will be carried out by the Provider within 3 months of the date of the recommendations (or such other period as may be stipulated by the Local Authority or agreed by the parties).

25.3 The Local Authority will visit the Provider's premises from which the Services are being delivered and meet the Provider within 3 months of the written notice to ensure that the Local Authority's required actions are being implemented and that the concerns identified by the Local Authority are being remedied to the reasonable satisfaction of the Local Authority.

25.4 The Provider may ask for a meeting with the Local Authority where the Provider has any concerns in relation to any aspect of service delivery or the manner in which the Local Authority is meeting its obligations under this Agreement, or may invoke the dispute procedure as outlined in Clause 24.

26. Notices

26.1 Any notice or other document to be given under this Agreement will be to the registered address, in which case written notification will be deemed received if sent by second class recorded delivery service to the following names and addresses:

In the case of the Local Authority to:
In the case of the Provider to the registered address as contained in the details provided by Ofsted.

26.2 In proving the notice was served, it will be sufficient to prove that the envelope containing such notice was properly addressed and posted and any receipt issued by the postal authorities will be conclusive evidence of the fact and date of posting of any such notice.

26.3 The Provider will notify the Local Authority in writing in the event that it changes its address and will provide such notice within 14 days of any such change.

27. Assignment

27.1 The Provider may not, without the prior written consent of the Local Authority (which will not be unreasonably withheld or delayed), assign, transfer, sub-contract, or in any other way make over to any third party the benefit and/or the burden of this Agreement or, except as contemplated as part of the Agreement, transfer or pay to any other person any part of the funding.

28. Indemnity

28.1 The Provider will indemnify the Local Authority from and against all loss or damage or liability (whether criminal or civil) together with any legal costs incurred by the Local Authority resulting from a breach of this Agreement by the Provider, its employees or agents including:

   a. any act, neglect or default of the Provider, its employees or agents; and;

   b. any claim by a third party based on any facts which if substantiated would constitute a breach of any of the Provider's obligations under this Agreement.

   c. Any breaches of Clause 23

28.2 The indemnities contained in this clause will be continuing indemnities and will be without prejudice to any other right or remedy of the Local Authority whether arising under the terms of this Agreement or otherwise. Each party shall at all times take all reasonable steps to minimise and mitigate any loss or damage for which the relevant party is entitled to bring a claim against the other party pursuant to this Agreement.

29. Insurance

29.1 During the contract period the Provider will:

   a. maintain in force with a reputable insurance company comprehensive policy of insurance to cover all liabilities arising out of or in connection with this Agreement.
b. Display a copy of the current policy/policies and inform the Local Authority in writing if the Provider ceases to hold valid insurance through cancellation, non-payment, breach of the insured terms or any other means.

30. No Waiver of Rights

30.1 No failure on the part of either party to exercise and no delay on its part in exercising any right or remedy under this Agreement will operate as a waiver thereof, nor will any single or partial exercise of any right or remedy preclude any or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any right or remedy. The rights and remedies provided in this Agreement are in addition to and not exclusive of any rights and remedies provided by law.

30.2 Any express waiver by the Local Authority of any breach of any of the obligations of the Provider under this Agreement will not be a waiver of any continuing breach or of any breach of any of these obligations.

31. Severance

31.1 If any term, provision or part of this Agreement become or be declared illegal, invalid or unenforceable for any reason whatsoever such term, provision or part will be divisible and deemed to be deleted from this Agreement; provided always that if such deletion substantially affects or alters the basis of this Agreement the parties will negotiate in good faith to amend and modify the remaining terms as may be necessary or desirable in the circumstances.

32. Variation

32.1 In the event that the Local Authority needs to make any changes to this Agreement due to statutory changes or instructions from the Secretary of State then the Local Authority reserves the right to do so without Agreement from the Provider.

33. Entire Agreement

33.1 This Agreement will constitute the entire Agreement and understanding between the parties in respect of all matters which are referred to and will supersede any previous Agreement between the parties in relation to the matters referred to herein. Both parties acknowledge that they have not relied upon any representation or statement not expressly incorporated into this Agreement.

34. Collusion/Corruption

34.1 The Provider shall not, and shall ensure that any person employed by it or acting on its behalf, shall not:
a. offer, or give, or agree to give, any person employed by the Authority, or any person employed by it or acting on its behalf, any gift or consideration of any kind as an inducement or reward for doing, or forbearing to do, or having done, or forborne to do, any act in relation to the obtaining or performance of this Agreement or any other agreement with the Authority for showing, or forbearing to show, favour or disfavour to any person in relation to this Agreement or any other agreement with the Authority; or

b. commit any offence under the Bribery Act 2010; or

c. give any fee or reward, the receipt of which is an offence under section 117(2) the Local Government Act 1972.

34.2 If the Provider or any person employed by it or acting on its behalf, breaches clause 34.1, such breach shall be deemed to be a material breach of this Agreement which is not capable of remedy and the Authority may terminate this Agreement immediately by notice in writing to the Provider.

34.3 Without prejudice to its other rights and remedies under this clause 34, the Authority shall be entitled to recover in full from the Provider and the Provider shall on demand indemnify the Authority in full from and against any and all Losses suffered, incurred, awarded against and/or agreed to be paid or sustained by the Authority in consequence of any breach of clause 34.1.

34.4 Notwithstanding clause 25, any dispute relating to the interpretation of clauses 34.1 to 34.3 inclusive of the amount or value of any gift, consideration or commission shall be determined by the Local Authority and the decision of the Local Authority shall be final and conclusive (provided that, in so determining, the Local Authority shall act reasonably and in good faith).

35. Non-discrimination

35.1 The Provider shall not unlawfully discriminate within the meaning and scope of any law, enactment, order, or regulation relating to discrimination (whether in race, gender, religion, disability, sexual orientation, age or otherwise) in employment.

35.2 The Provider shall take all reasonable steps to secure the observance of clause 35.1 by all servants, employees or agents of the Provider and all Providers and sub-contractors.

36. Law and Jurisdiction

36.1 The provisions of this Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with English Law. In respect of all matters arising under this Agreement the parties hereby submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Courts of England.

37. Agreement Renewal

37.1 On the anniversary of this Agreement if the Provider remains an Eligible Provider, this Agreement will automatically renew on the same terms and conditions. In the event
of there being any changes to the terms and conditions of this Agreement the Provider will be notified of the same.
Annex A - Definitions

"Action Plan" means the plan of action, prepared by a Provider rated by Ofsted as "Requires Improvement" that details the Provider's intended actions to raise the settings quality rating at the settings next Ofsted inspection. The Action Plan has to be submitted to the Local Authority within 6 weeks of the Ofsted Inspection publication date must detail targets, actions, responsibilities, costs, timescales and evaluation.

"Agreement" means this Agreement.

"Administration Charge" means the administration charge which is the sum calculated as the assessment of the cost of administration time and expenses to the Local Authority in dealing with defaults of the Provider referred to at 14.8.

"Authorised Signatory" means such a person with the appropriate authority or permission from the Provider to bind the Provider to the terms of this Agreement. The Local Authority reserves the right to request evidence of this permission from time to time, and the Provider must provide this immediately upon request.

"Childcare" In accordance with the Childcare Act 2006 (Ch21, pt1.18), and clause 9.14;

A. Childcare means any form of care for a child and subject to subsection "B" care includes –
   a. education for a child, and
   b. any other supervised activity for a child.

B. Childcare does not include –
   a. Education (or any other supervised activity) provided by a school during school hours for a registered pupil who is not a young child, or
   b. Any form of health care for a child.

C. Childcare does not include care provided for a child by-
   a. a parent or step-parent of the child;
   b. a person with parental responsibility for the child;
   c. a relative of the child; (which means a grandparent, aunt, uncle, brother or sister, whether of the full blood or half blood or by marriage or civil partnership).
   d. a person who is a Local Authority foster parent in relation to the child;
e. a person who is a foster parent with whom the child has been placed by a voluntary organisation;

f. a person who fosters the child privately.

D. Childcare does not include care provided for a child if the care –

a. Is provided in any of the following establishments as part of the establishment's activities –
   i. An appropriate children's home
   ii. A care home
   iii. A hospital in which the child is a patient
   iv. A residential family centre, and

b. Is so provided by the person carrying on the establishment or a person employed to work at the establishment.

"Contract Period" means the period stipulated in clause 3.

"Data Protection Legislation" means Data Protection Act 2018 and the General Data Protection Regulations.

"DfE" means the Department for Education.

"Directory" means the record of all providers eligible to claim funding for the provision of funded Early Education childcare places for two, three and four year old children.

"Early Education" means government funded early years provision.

"Early Years Pupil Premium" (EYPP) means additional funding for early years settings to improve the education they provide for disadvantaged three and four year old children.

"Eligible Provider" means a childcare Provider that:

• has an "Active" registration status with Ofsted, or the equivalent body for Independent Schools, as an early years Provider;
• is a childminder (excluding childminder agencies) with an active registration with Ofsted;
• an independent school or academy taking children age two or over and which are exempt from registration with Ofsted as an early years Provider.
• fulfils the required Quality Provision, in clause 13.
"Early Education Funding" means the funding to be paid by the Local Authority to the Provider determined in accordance with the Early Education Funding Claim.

"Early Education Funding Claim" means the claim to be completed on the online Provider Portal by the Provider.

"Electronic Signature" means a signature that consists of one or more letters, characters, numbers or other symbols in digital form incorporated in, attached to or associated with an electronic document.

"EYFS" means Early Years Foundation Stage.

"Headcount day" means the day on which the headcount is carried out or the census day in each term as set out by the Local Authority in this Agreement (clause 14) when a child must be registered before the Early Education funding can be paid to a Provider. Headcount day normally occurs on the third Thursday following the start of term.

"Headcount Week" means the week in which headcount day falls.

"Local Authority" means Lancashire County Council.

"Named Contact" means the name of the person(s) from the Provider that is approved and authorised by the Provider to complete and submit the online Early Education claim form.

"Ofsted" means Office for Standards in Education, Children's Services and Skills or the equivalent body for Independent Schools.

"Provider" means an eligible childcare Provider situated within the administrative boundary of Lancashire County Council.

"Provider Data" means any data provided to the Local Authority for the purposes of this Agreement relating to the Provider's finances.

"Online Provider Portal" means the Local Authority's on-line/web-based portal for the submission of Early Education funding claims.

"Parent" means the person/s who have parental responsibility.

"Parental Agreement" means the Agreement between the Provider and Parent, which gives parental authorisation for the
Provider to claim Early Education Funding on the Parent's behalf.

"School" means an independent school claiming Early Education Funding, for two, three and four year old children. This Agreement excludes all maintained schools offering childcare provision for two, three and four year old children.

"Services" means those services stated in clause 1.

"Term" for the purpose of this Agreement term dates and funded hours are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Maximum Funded Hours Claimable</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Autumn</td>
<td>1st September</td>
<td>31st December</td>
<td>Universal 210 Extended 210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>1st January</td>
<td>31st March</td>
<td>Universal 165 Extended 165</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summer</td>
<td>1st April</td>
<td>31st August</td>
<td>Universal 195 Extended 195</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Funded Hours Per Year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>570 570</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

"Working day" means Monday to Friday (excluding public, bank and statutory holidays) in England.
ANNEX B PARENTAL AGREEMENT FOR THE PROVISION OF
EARLY EDUCATION FUNDING (EEF) for TWO, THREE & FOUR YEAR OLD CHILDREN

1. Childcare Provider Details

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Childcare Provider/School Name:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

2. Child Details

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Legal Family Surname:</th>
<th>Legal Forename(s):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name by which the child is known: (if different from above):</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of Birth:</td>
<td>Male/Female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home Address:</td>
<td>Post Code:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Documentary proof of DoB seen: e.g. Birth Certificate/Passport</th>
<th>Document recorded by: (name of staff member)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Date document recorded:</td>
<td>Child ethnicity:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. EEF Placement Start Date

........................................................................................................................................................................................................

4. Additional details for children claiming the extended 15 hours EEF places or 2 Year old funding:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>30 hours eligibility code: e.g. 12345678912 – 11 digits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Parent/Carer National Insurance Number:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proof of Parent/Carer ID seen: e.g. Passport, Driving Licence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Year old eligibility reference number:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. Early Years Pupil Premium (EYPP) for Three and Four Year Old Children

Some three and four year olds are entitled to EYPP which is paid to the childcare provider to enhance the quality of your child's early years' experience by improving the teaching and learning, facilities and resources, with the aim of impacting positively on your child's progress and development. For more information regarding EYPP speak to your childcare provider.

If you believe that your child may qualify for the EYPP please provide the following information for the main benefit holder to enable the Local Authority to confirm your eligibility.
6. Disability Access Fund (DAF)

Three and four year old children who are in receipt of child Disability Living Allowance and taking up their EEF entitlements are eligible for the Disability Access Fund (DAF). DAF is paid to the childcare provider where the child attends as a fixed annual rate of £615 per eligible child per financial year.

I understand that the funding is a one-off lump sum payment and is not transferable if my child moves to a different provider part way through the financial year. Subsequent providers will not receive any funding if the DAF has already been paid in that financial year.

| Is your child eligible and in receipt of Disability Living Allowance (DLA) | YES / NO |
| Date copy DLA letter kept on file: |

If your child is splitting their EEF across two or more childcare providers, please nominate the main childcare provider/school where the Local Authority should pay the DAF.

| Childcare Provider/School Name: | Ofsted registration/LCC School Number: |

7. Agreed EEF Entitlements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Universal Funded Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Please enter total Universal EEF hours attended per day: (cannot exceed 10 hours per day/15 hours per week)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mon</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Total number of hours per week | Number of weeks per year (e.g. 38, 45, 51) |
|---------------------------------|

Total Annual Universal Hours Claimed (cannot exceed 570 per year)
8. Stretched/Banked Hours

Where the provider chooses to offer the ability for parents to stretch/bank hours to be used over other periods such as school holidays etc. these days/hours need to be agreed between parent and provider and the following applies:-

- There is no automatic transfer of any stretched/banked EEF hours should the child move to a new childcare provider before the stretched/banked hours have been used;
- Where the existing provider chooses to transfer any unused stretched/banked EEF hours to the new provider this will need to be agreed/managed outside of the Local Authority funding claim;
- There will be no charge to the parent if the provider offers this flexibility option;
- The maximum EEF entitlement within any week, including the stretched/banked hours cannot exceed 15 universal hours per week and 15 extended hours per week;
- The maximum hours that can be claimed for my child/ren by the Provider in any term are as follows:
  - Autumn – 210 universal, 210 extended
  - Spring – 165 universal, 165 extended
  - Summer – 195 universal, 195 extended

9. Additional Hours and Services

The provider can charge for meals and snacks as part of an EEF entitlement place and they can also charge for consumables such as nappies or sun cream and for services such as trips and yoga. These charges must be voluntary for the parent. Where parents are unable or unwilling to pay for meals and consumables, providers who choose to offer the EEF entitlements are responsible for setting their own policy on how to respond, with options waiving or reducing the cost of meals and snacks or allowing parents to supply their own meals.

The provider should ensure their invoices and receipts are clear, transparent and itemised, allowing parents to see that they have received their EEF entitlement completely free of charge and understand fees paid for additional hours. The provider will also ensure that receipts contain their full details so that they can be identified as coming from a specific provider.
The provider cannot ask the parent to pay any fee associated with their child's EEF place other than a refundable deposit, required to initially secure the place.

10. Grace Period of Entitlement for the Extended 15 hours

For children whose parent ceases to meet the eligibility criteria for the extended 15 hours the child's placement will continue to be funded for the extended 15 hours until the grace period end date as detailed below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date Parent/Carer receives ineligible decision on reconfirmation:</th>
<th>Grace Period End date:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 January – 10 February</td>
<td>31 March</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 February – 31 March</td>
<td>31 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 April – 26 May</td>
<td>31 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27 May – 31 August</td>
<td>31 December</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 September – 21 October</td>
<td>31 December</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22 October – 31 December</td>
<td>31 March</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

I understand that the extended 15 hours will not be funded beyond the grace period end date if I become ineligible or fail to reconfirm my details with Childcare Choices by the termly deadlines. If I fall back into eligibility during the grace period, I also understand that my child's extended 15 hours beyond the grace period are subject to availability.

11. Notice Period and Transfer of Entitlement

As the parent/carer/guardian of the above named child I understand that;

- I shall be entitled to move my child from the above named childcare provider to a new childcare provider, providing I give the childcare provider at least [    ] weeks written notice of my intention.
- Where the required written notice has been given prior to the term's "Headcount" week, any remaining EEF entitlement will be made available to a new childcare provider, from the end of the written notice period to the last day of the current term.
- Where written notice is given after the term's "Headcount" week, there will be no transfer of any remaining EEF entitlement for the current term to a new childcare provider.
- Where the above named childcare provides me with written notice at any point in the term, any remaining EEF entitlement will be made available to a new childcare provider, from the end of the written notice period to the last day of the current term.

12. Accessing EEF Entitlement Across Multiple Childcare Providers

A Parental Agreement must be completed at each childcare provider where your child claims their EEF entitlement. Your child can attend a maximum of two childcare sites in a single day. If your child attends more than one childcare provider, the EEF entitlement will be split between the childcare providers in line with the information recorded in each Parental Agreement.
Does your child take up any EEF hours at any other childcare provider?  

YES / NO

If yes, please complete the following for the other providers that your child is accessing their EEF entitlement hours.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Childcare Provider/School</th>
<th>Universal 15 Hours</th>
<th></th>
<th>Extended 15 Hours</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Per Week</td>
<td>Per Year</td>
<td>Per Week</td>
<td>Per Year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Hours Across All Other Providers</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** the total number of EEF hours in Section 7 and Section 12 cannot exceed a maximum of 570 universal hours and 570 extended hours per year.

13. Declaration

I confirm that the information I have provided above is accurate and true. I understand and agree to the conditions set in this document.

I authorise this childcare provider to claim Early Education Funding as agreed above on behalf of my child.

In addition I also understand and agree that:

- The information I have provided can be shared with Lancashire County Council (LCC) and Department for Education, who will access information from other government departments to confirm my child's eligibility and enable this childcare provider to claim Early Years Pupil Premium (EYPP) or Disability Access Fund (DAF) on behalf of my child.
- In the event that Ofsted publish an 'inadequate' inspection judgement for the provider, the local authority will withdraw funding eight weeks after the date the inspection judgement is published unless the 'quality of education' is judged to be 'good' or better. Where the 'quality of education' is judged to be 'good' or better, the local authority will continue to fund the provider until they are re-inspected. If the provider remains 'inadequate' at the re-inspection, funding will cease 4 weeks from the date the re-inspection judgement is published.
- In such cases outlined above where I choose to secure alternative childcare before the date the local authority would ordinarily cease funding, the local authority will only fund the provider for a period of four weeks after the date the 'inadequate' inspection judgement was published. Any remaining funding after this date will be made available for me to access my child's EEF entitlement with a different provider which LCC's Family Information Service can assist me in finding, if required.
- If I register my child for 2 year old funding or the 15 hours extended funding and my child is found not to be eligible, I will be liable for the full cost of the placement.
- For my child to receive the greatest benefit from the EEF entitlement, it is important my child's attendance is in line with the agreed hours detailed above. Whilst it is appreciated that absences may occur due to unforeseen circumstances, I understand that the childcare provider may report my child's absence, to my local children's centre, in accordance with the childcare provider's safeguarding policy.
An Early Education funded place cannot be provided to a child by a Provider if the child is related, (as defined in the Childcare Act 2006 (Ch21, pt1.18)) to the registered owner of the childcare setting, where the registered owner is directly providing the childcare to the related child. This clause is of particular relevance to childminders. It will not apply in a pre-school or nursery setting provided the registered owner is not included in the ratios of staff providing childcare directly to a group that includes their related child/ren (e.g. key person).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parent/Carer with legal responsibility</th>
<th>Childcare Provider/School</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Address Line 1</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Address Line 1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Address Line 1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postcode</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Email Address</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone No.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14. Data privacy

The General Data Protection Regulations puts in place certain safeguards regarding the use of personal data by organisations, including the Department for Education (DfE), local authorities and schools. The Regulations give rights to those (known as data subjects) about whom data is held, such as pupils, their parents and teachers. This includes:

- the right to know the types of data being held
- why it is being held
- and to whom it is being communicated
The Data Protection Act 2018 (the Act) puts in place certain safeguards regarding the use of personal data by organisations, including the Department for Education, local authorities, schools and other early education providers.

The Act gives rights to those about whom data is held (known as data subjects), such as pupils, their parents and teachers. This includes:

- The right to know the types of data being held
- Why it is being held;
- To whom it may be disclosed

Should you have any concerns relating to how your information or the information relating to your child/ren is being or will be used, please contact your provider or Lancashire County Council.

Please note that information about whether a child is in receipt of Disability Living Allowance is, under the Act, Special Category Data which should be handled appropriately. Providers are asked to pay particular note to advice from the Information Commissioner’s Office on holding personal data including sensitive personal data available at: